#### IMPROVING PLACES SELECT COMMISSION

Date and Time:- Tuesday 21 October 2025 at 1.30 p.m.

Venue:- Rotherham Town Hall, The Crofts, Moorgate Street,

Rotherham. S60 2TH

Membership:- Councillors McKiernan (Chair), Tinsley (Vice-Chair),

Adair, Ahmed, Allen, Beck, C. Carter, Castledine-Dack,

Cowen, Jackson, Jones, Lelliott, Mault, Rashid,

Sheppard, Stables, Taylor, Thorp, Bacon and Jacques.

Co-opted Members: - Mrs. K. Bacon and Mrs. M. Jacques.

This meeting will be webcast live and will be available to view <u>via the Council's website</u>. The items which will be discussed are described on the agenda below and there are reports attached which give more details.

Rotherham Council advocates openness and transparency as part of its democratic processes. Anyone wishing to record (film or audio) the public parts of the meeting should inform the Chair or Governance Advisor of their intentions prior to the meeting.

#### **AGENDA**

# 1. Apologies for Absence

To receive the apologies of any Member who is unable to attend the meeting.

# 2. Minutes of the previous meeting held on 2nd September 2025 (Pages 3 - 22)

To consider and approve the minutes of the previous meeting held on 2<sup>nd</sup> September 2025 as a true and correct record of the proceedings and to be signed by the Chair.

#### 3. Declarations of Interest

To receive declarations of interest from Members in respect of items listed on the agenda.

# 4. Questions from members of the public and the press

To receive questions relating to items of business on the agenda from members of the public or press who are present at the meeting.

#### 5. Exclusion of the Press and Public

To consider whether the press and public should be excluded from the meeting

during consideration of any part of the agenda.

# 6. Housing Strategy 2025-2030 Draft Action Plan (Pages 23 - 41)

To consider the report and presentation on the Housing Strategy Draft Action Plan – 2025-2030.

# 7. Pride in Place Programme for Rotherham Central (previously Plan for Neighbourhoods) 2025-2035 (Pages 42 - 55)

To consider the presentation which provides a further update on Pride in Place for Rotherham Central (previously Plan for Neighbourhoods) 2025-2035.

# 8. Improving Places Select Commission - Work Programme 2025 - 2026 (Pages 56 - 57)

To consider and endorse the outline schedule of the Commission's Work Programme for the 2025-2026 municipal year.

# 9. Urgent Business

To consider any item which the Chair is of the opinion should be considered as a matter of urgency.

The next meeting of the Improving Places Select Commission will be held on Tuesday 16 December 2025 commencing at 1.30 p.m. in Rotherham Town Hall.

John Edwards,

Chief Executive.

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# IMPROVING PLACES SELECT COMMISSION Tuesday 2 September 2025

Present:- Councillor McKiernan (in the Chair); Councillors Ahmed, Allen, Beck, C. Carter, Jackson, Jones, Lelliott, Rashid, Sheppard, Stables, Taylor, Thorp and Tinsley.

Also in attendance were Mrs. K. Bacon and Mrs. M. Jaques (Rotherfed Co-optees).

An apology for absence was received from Councillor Adair.

The webcast of the Council Meeting can be viewed at: <a href="https://rotherham.public-i.tv/core/portal/home">https://rotherham.public-i.tv/core/portal/home</a>

### 17. MINUTES OF THE PREVIOUS MEETING HELD ON 8 JULY 2025

**Resolved:-** That the minutes of the previous meeting held on 8<sup>th</sup> July 2025 be approved as a true and correct record of the proceedings.

# 18. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

Councillor Allen declared a personal interest in Minute No. 21 (Housing Strategy 2025-2030) on the grounds of being the former Cabinet Member for Housing.

Councillor Sheppard declared a personal interest in Minute No. 22 (Review of Selective Licensing 2020-2025) on the grounds that he resides in one of the areas subject to Selective Licensing, although in a privately owned property.

Councillor Tinsley declared a personal interest in Minute No. 22 (Review of Selective Licensing 2020-2025) on the grounds that he is a landlord and Selective License holder in an area subject to Selective Licensing.

Councillor Stables declared a personal interest in Minute No. 22 (Review of Selective Licensing 2020-2025) on the grounds that she is a landlord and Selective License holder in an area subject to Selective Licensing.

### 19. QUESTIONS FROM MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC AND THE PRESS

The Chair advised that there were no members of the public or representatives of media organisations present at the meeting and there were no questions in respect of matters on the agenda.

# 20. EXCLUSION OF THE PRESS AND PUBLIC

The Chair advised that there were no items of business on the agenda that would require the exclusion of the press or public from the meeting.

# 21. HOUSING STRATEGY 2025-2030

At the Chair's invitation, the Cabinet Member for Housing, Councillor Beresford, introduced the item, explaining that housing affects every resident in the borough. Getting the Housing Strategy right was imperative to support the delivery of the overall Council plan and to ensure that everybody could live in a safe, warm and decent home.

Sarah Watts, Strategic Housing Manager, explained that the draft Housing Strategy was the fifth chapter of the Council's 30-year strategy. The Strategy had changed in time period length from three years to five years in order to align with the Council Plan. The Strategy would be taken to Cabinet for approval on 15 September 2025. Cabinet would be asked to delegate approval to agree the final Action Plan for the Housing Strategy to the Strategic Director and it was planned to bring this draft Action Plan to IPSC in October so that members could help shape the Plan and then receive annual progress reports on its delivery.

The Strategic Housing Manager explained that there had been a slight revision to the wording of priority 3 since the papers had been published for IPSC – "Preventing homelessness and supporting our residents to live independently" had been altered to "Supporting our residents to live independently, including through the prevention of homelessness".

Garry Newton, Housing Development Intelligence Coordinator, provided a summary of the consultation process that had been carried out since August 2024, to understand what residents' main housing priorities were, as individuals and families. Feedback on the Strategy had been obtained from all relevant directorates across the council and from officers involved in the Council Plan. This collaboration had ensured that all aims and priorities within the Strategy were tied up to create a one council approach.

The Strategic Housing Manager went through the four key priorities of the Housing Strategy in more detail, and explained that there were three cross-cutting aims that flow through them, being:-

- Keeping residents safe and warm
- Reducing carbon emissions
- Reducing inequalities in and between communities

<u>Priority 1 – Building high quality, sustainable and affordable new homes</u> This priority would be about the Council leading by example with the homes that are built under its development programme and working across the housing sector to meet local housing need and provide good quality homes that are fit for the future. This would be done by continuing with the Council's development programme to deliver more homes for Council rent whilst ensuring that 25% of affordable housing is delivered through planning policy.

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# <u>Priority 2 – Improving the safety, quality and energy efficiency of our homes</u>

This priority would be about holding all landlords to account to ensure that no residents are living in poor quality and unsafe homes. The Council, as a landlord, will ensure that it meets social housing requirements around decency, compliance, safety, and tenant satisfaction. The Council will also work with landlords to help them to address hazards within their properties and to support them with the introduction of the Renters Reform Bill.

# <u>Priority 3 - Supporting our residents to live independently, including</u> through the prevention of homelessness

This priority would be about the Council ensuring that it know its residents well to help meet their accommodation and support needs. This would be achieved through providing access to appropriate aids and adaptations and also ensuring that the Council's housing allocations policy works well.

Priority 4 – Ensuring that our neighbourhoods are safe, happy and thriving This priority reflected a theme which runs through the Council Plan. Housing will play its part in this through delivery of an empty homes plan, targeting properties which blight communities and impact on people's quality of life. There will also be continued investment into communities and shared spaces, improving the way the Council engages with tenants and residents to shape their communities and tackle anti-social behaviour when it presents.

The Chair invited members of the Improving Places Select Commission (IPSC) to raise questions and queries on the Report, draft Housing Strategy and presentation and in the ensuing question and answer session the following points were raised:

Councillor Thorp asked how the service could enforce action against the owner of an empty property which blights a community? The Strategic Housing Manager explained that there would be a dual approach between the Housing team and Enforcement team to try and get private owners to bring a derelict property back into use. An Empty Homes Officer would carry out initial investigation work and try and engage with owners to create an action plan in order to avoid formal enforcement. The Council had also had some success via an acquisitions programme, where owners have been willing to offer their property to the Council.

Councillor Thorp also asked how residents/members can report any issues with empty properties. The Strategic Housing Manager confirmed that there is an online form on the Council website to report issues with empty properties and would circulate details after the meeting.

Councillor Taylor enquired what a typical retrofit for a Council owned property would look like, bearing in mind the commitment to energy efficiency in Priority 2 of the Housing Strategy. How long would it take and was there a scheduled programme? John Holman, the Interim Assistant

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Director of Housing, responded by explaining that the fabric of the property would be dealt with first - external wall insulation or cavity wall insulation, combined with loft insulation. Properties would be prioritised based on which were in the worst condition and where the government grant would support. The government grant would currently support bringing an EPC rated D property up to a C rating. There were some Council-owned properties currently with an E rating which would be funded internally. The Interim Assistant Director of Housing confirmed that there was a programme of retrofit works which could be shared with members and that the Council had to date, been successful in securing government grants.

The Chair asked whether, bearing in mind the Council's commitment to provide 1,000 more homes, there were enough brownfield sites within the borough to provide this or would development on greenbelt land need to be considered? Andrew Bramdige, the Strategic Director for Regeneration & Environment, explained that a report would go before Cabinet on 15 September setting out the Local Development Strategy, which provided the timetable for the production of a new local plan up until 2029. One of the steps in this would be a call for new development sites.

Councillor Lelliot raised an issue surrounding Priority 3 – Neighbourhoods are safe, happy and thriving. Councillor Lelliot reported that a lot of her casework involved reports of anti-social behaviour, particularly by council tenants, and residents' dissatisfaction with the amount of time that it often took for the Council to take any action against them. Councillor Lelliot felt that the draft Housing Strategy did not sufficiently address the issue of anti-social behaviour and that the Council's response to it was not robust enough. Councillor Lelliot commented that how effectively issues are addressed depended a lot on the strength of the relevant Housing Officer and the other community support personnel involved and that a stronger, more joined up approach should be reflected in the Strategy.

The Interim Assistant Director of Housing agreed that a joined-up approach by different partners and agencies was key in dealing with antisocial behaviour. Where council tenants are involved, this would be tackled by Tenancy Officers and Housing Management Officers as the Council has powers under its tenancy agreements to take action. However, there were often anti-social behaviour issues that did not involve council tenants and there were wider challenges with health and mental health. It was suggested by the Interim Assistant Director of Housing (and further recommended by the Cabinet Member later in the meeting) that IPSC may wish to consider a "deep dive" workshop session on anti-social behaviour to fully explore the issues affecting residents. This suggestion was welcomed by members.

Councillor Stables asked a question about the increased council tax liability that applied to long-term empty properties. Councillor Stables understood that there was a national register of empty properties and that once a property had been in a state of disrepair for a long time, the owner

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could apply for it to be exempt from council tax. Councillor Stables commented that this seemed very unfair and a way in which owners could evade liability or enforcement and asked whether there were any plans for the Council to lobby the government to change this?

The Strategic Housing Manager agreed that this a frustrating loophole and that such cases are dealt with by the District Valuation Officer. However, cases should still be reported to the Empty Properties team. The Chair asked if the Council had a list of properties deemed uninhabitable and the Strategic Housing Manager confirmed that Housing worked with Council Tax throughout the year to obtain a full list of properties declared empty.

Councillor Jackson asked that more detail be provided on delivering improvements to council estates, communal and shared areas and queried if there was a budget for this? The Strategic Housing Manager commented that where there were communal spaces on areas of housing land or possibly large blocks of flats with communal areas, revenue spent on these areas would come from the Housing budget. Keeping these areas clean, tidy and safe was a factor that would be considered in housing investment.

Councillor Tinsley referred to one of the empty property success stories mentioned in the draft strategy, which had been eventually redeveloped and sold on for three times its previous value. Councillor Tinsley asked whether the Council considered going down the compulsory purchase route when all other avenues had been exhausted? The Strategic Housing Manager commented that compulsory purchase is an available option but that all properties were assessed to ensure the right route was used, with the ultimate aim of bringing properties back into use to meet housing need.

Councillor Tinsley also returned to the earlier issue of anti-social behaviour and agreed that a more joined up approach was required, with outcomes varying depending on the Housing Officer involved. He suggested that there could be a push on neighbourhood working to ensure that each Housing Officer knew their area well and worked closely with other stakeholders in that area. The Interim Assistant Director of Housing confirmed that there was an established neighbourhood model but accepted the point that as the nature of tenancy management had changed in recent years, this could be revisited and developed.

Councillor Thorp mentioned issues his constituents had experienced with housing allocation, namely poor communication and a lack of understanding as to where they sat on the list of priority. The Interim Assistant Director of Housing responded that this issue concerned the Housing Allocations Policy, which would also be going to Cabinet in September, and would be better looked at in detail separately.

Councillor Allen questioned how the Council planned to measure success

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in creating "safe, happy and thriving neighbourhoods"? This priority was more people than place focused and residents were frequently telling the Council of their concerns around anti-social behaviour. Councillor Allen felt that this had not been reflected adequately within the current draft strategy and suggested that building a case study on anti-social behaviour within the strategy would help to allay residents' concerns.

Councillor Allen further raised reservations about the use of the word "happy" within Priority 4 as this was a very subjective word which could mean many different things to different people. Happiness would be very difficult to measure, compared to "safe" and "thriving". Councillor Allen also commented that it would be good to reflect tenant satisfaction measures more within the Strategy.

The Interim Assistant Director of Housing agreed that the inclusion of further case studies would be a good idea and accepted the point regarding the use of the word "happy" which could be taken forward to Cabinet for consideration. The Housing Development Intelligence Coordinator commented that the word "happy" had been used to align with the Council Plan. The Cabinet Member for Housing also agreed with Councillor Allen's point about the use of the word "happy" and after some discussion amongst members, it was suggested that an alternative wording for Priority 4 of the draft Housing Strategy should be put forward to Cabinet for consideration - "safe, thriving and places people want to live in".

The Interim Assistant Director of Housing explained that tenant satisfaction was reported on monthly and that information on this is provided on the council website. The Strategic Housing Manager further commented that tenant satisfaction measures would be key for the annual reporting on the Housing Strategy and suggested that there could be more discussion on this in the October IPSC meeting when members can help to develop that Action Plan.

Councillor Sheppard raised questions around the upcoming Renters' Rights Bill. How did the service think this would change the way the Council works with tenants to help them secure long-term tenancies and protect them in their existing tenancies? How would the Council communicate the impact of the changes to tenants in the private sector? The Strategic Housing Manager confirmed that there was a communications plan around the Renters' Rights Bill and that the Housing team were working closely with colleagues in homelessness to plan for the increased demand for accommodation. Private landlords were also being encouraged to "Call Before You Serve" and engage with the Council early, before serving eviction notices, so that the Council could act as a mediator and try and work out a better solution, to avoid some evictions.

Councillor Ahmed raised a question around supporting residents with complex needs. Councillor Ahmed was aware that there were currently no

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respite properties available to provide positive behaviour support and felt that the alternatives offered to families of supporting them from home, did not meet need. The Strategic Housing Manager acknowledged the ongoing challenges in this area of conflicting need and confirmed that the Housing team would continue to work closely with colleagues in Adult Social Care and Children & Young People's Services to understand what future demand would look like. A government directive was expected towards the end of the year around a supported housing strategy and once received, the Housing team would work through the detail of that.

Councillor Jones commented that anti-social behaviour continues to be a huge issue and often occurred on areas of land within housing estates that are not well-maintained e.g alleyways, pieces of grass. Councillor Jones felt that Housing Officers were less visible and that residents and members no longer had direct contact details for Housing Officers, which had led to long delays in issues being addressed. Councillor Jones suggested that estate walkabouts, which used to regularly take place, should be reinstated.

The Interim Assistant Director of Housing accepted that a programme of regular estate walkabouts had slipped and was something the service wanted to reinstate. Councillor Jackson commented that in his ward, walkabouts and meetings with neighbourhood partners had never stopped, so there must be variations by area.

Councillor Jackson asked whether the Council worked with the NHS when dealing with adaptations to properties due to medical need/rehab requirements. Had existing properties been adapted and was there the ability to design new houses with adaptations built in? The Strategic Housing Manager confirmed that work was done with the Adult Social Care team and the NHS to look at complex needs and adaptations. How to plan for future need within existing housing stock and future development would always be fed into conversations with housing developers and there was an Aid and Adaptations Policy where, if people wished to stay at home, funding would be available to enable this. The Interim Assistant Director of Housing added that the Housing team had its own occupational therapists who go out to assess properties to make sure they are suitable for immediate and longer-term needs.

Councillor Jackson also commented that he agreed that the more case study examples would be useful and would welcome the inclusion of both positive and negative outcomes to demonstrate the fact that two scenarios which seemingly look similar, could have very different outcomes depending on circumstance. The Interim Assistant Director of Housing agreed that there were always important learning points to share and suggested that these case studies be incorporated into the work on the Action Plan which the Housing team will bring back to IPSC in October. Members were in agreement with this approach.

With regard to the suggested inclusion of wording addressing anti-social

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behaviour within the Housing Strategy, Councillor Lelliot provided draft wording via email to the Chair which was read out to the Commission and agreed upon by the members present.

#### Resolved:-

- (1) That the contents of the draft Housing Strategy 2025 2030 be noted;
- (2) That a further report on the draft Housing Strategy Action Plan be presented to the Improving Places Select Commission at the next scheduled meeting on Tuesday 21 October 2025, subject to the decision of Cabinet on the Housing Strategy at their meeting on 15 September 2025;
- (3) That the following considerations be provided to the Chair of the Overview & Scrutiny Management Board to present to Cabinet on behalf of IPSC when they meet to consider the draft Housing Strategy on 15 September 2025:-
- a) That reference is made within the Housing Strategy to compulsory training being delivered to all Housing/Tenancy Officers regarding anti-social behaviour, using the following suggested wording:
  - "Our housing officers undergo comprehensive training to effectively deal with Anti-Social Behaviour (ASB). This training ensures that they:
  - Identify and understand ASB issues
  - Know when and how to report incidents
  - Are aware of the powers available to the council to address ASB."

Equipped with this knowledge, our officers can take prompt and effective action to tackle ASB, providing a safer and more supportive environment for our community."

- b) That the word "happy" is removed from Priority 4 of the Housing Strategy "safe, happy and thriving" and replaced with "safe, thriving and places people want to live in". Members felt that the word "happy" is too subjective and difficult to measure as it can mean different things to different people;
- (4) That more case studies with a variety of outcomes are incorporated into the draft Housing Strategy Action Plan in order to demonstrate lessons learnt and how particular circumstances can lead to different outcomes; and
- (5) That a "deep dive" into Anti-Social Behaviour and the challenges it creates for the borough be delivered to IPSC at a later date, to be determined.

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# 22. REVIEW OF SELECTIVE LICENSING 2020-2025

At the Chair's invitation, the Cabinet Member for Housing, Councillor Beresford, introduced the presentation, which looked back on the former Selective Licensing Scheme that ran from 1 May 2020 to 30 April 2025. The Chair reminded members that this was a review, not a forward look, and that proposals for the new selective licensing scheme would come before OSMB on 8 October 2025, whereupon members of IPSC would be invited to comment. Questions for this forum should be on the former scheme.

Emma Ellis, Head of Service for Community Safety & Regulatory Services (Head of Service), explained that Selective Licensing enables the Council to work proactively rather than reactively – properties could be inspected without a complaint having first been raised. The proactive nature of the scheme had been key to driving improvements in living standards.

The Head of Service summarised for members the basis of the former selective licensing declaration criteria, which led to six areas within the borough becoming subject to Selective Licensing from 1 May 2020 – Maltby, Dinnington, Masbrough, Parkgate, Thurcroft and Eastwood.

information The presentation provided on the outcomes and achievements of the scheme and provided examples of the types of Category 1 hazards (serious and immediate risk to health and safety) and Category 2 hazards (less severe but still pose a potential risk) that were revealed from inspections. Many tenants would not have reported these issues to the Council so they would not have been uncovered and dealt with without Selective Licensing. The BRE Housing Health Cost Calculator had been used to calculate the level of potential savings to the NHS (£148,542) in identifying these issues before harm to health was done.

The Head of Service explained that the scheme had led to significant areas of criminality and anti-social behaviour being uncovered and dealt with. 311 cannabis cultivations were detected and £40m worth of cannabis seized (street value). A number of properties that were inspected had links to slavery, exploitation and organised crime.

The Head of Service explained that the service had been committed to carrying out 100% of inspections and most of the identified improvements did take place. The Head of Service reflected that it can be difficult from street level to see the real impact of Selective Licensing. However, in all cases, either the issues identified were dealt with and rectified or the landlords were held to account and this had made a real difference to people's living conditions. Improvements had not been consistent across the areas though – Masbrough, for example, had a high hazard rate of 95.8% from the first round of inspections, and this area had been subject to Selective Licensing before. In contrast, Maltby had the lowest hazard rate (48%).

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The Head of Service commented that the Covid pandemic had had an impact on the scheme, delaying the start of the inspections process and effectively reducing the operational lifespan of the scheme from 5 years down to 3.5 years. Other challenges experienced had been staffing shortages and data limitations, which affected performance tracking. In spite of these challenges, the service successfully delivered 100% of the inspections. 48 prosecutions were pursued against landlords and of these, 15 had been successful and the remainder were either still going through the process or had been withdrawn.

The Head of Service explained that funds raised from the scheme were ringfenced and could not be used for any other purpose. There had been an overspend of £93,804, largely due to year on year pay rises and the fixed prices of the licenses. This had been covered by service budgets.

The Chair invited members of IPSC to raise questions and queries on the presentation and in the ensuing question and answer session the following points were raised:

Councillor Carter commented that it had been useful to her about the benefits of the scheme but requested more information about the challenges in areas such as Masbrough, where high failure rates had remained. Councillor Carter also requested further information on staff shortages and data limitation.

In response, the Head of Service commented that the service had worked closely with performance colleagues throughout the scheme to look at opportunities for the collection of data. However, because the scheme had been declared on the indices of deprivation, only deprivation information could be used to track and monitor progress, and arguably, the condition of properties had little tangible impact on rates of employment.

With regard to staff shortages, the Head of Service explained that there had been a turnover of staff mid-way through the scheme and this had left a gap in staffing which had been addressed during the second half of the scheme. Existing staff had been upskilled and re-trained and were able to carry out inspections. The Head of Service shared Councillor Carter's disappointment with the high failure rate in some areas and expressed frustration that certain landlords had not stepped up to their responsibilities.

Councillor Thorp commented on the impressive figures within the presentation but queried what had actually been achieved? Had properties been re-inspected once faults had been found to check that the required works had actually been carried out and properties maintained to the required standard?

In response, the Head of Service explained that where a Category 1

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failure had been identified, a re-inspection had to be carried out to ensure that the property was safe. Whilst the ambition had been to reinspect all properties, it had not been possible to carry out re-inspections of all Category 2 failures due to time pressures and restrictions caused by the Covid pandemic. Where a property had been found to be good on initial inspection, it was only re-inspected if there had been a change of landlord or an issue reported by a tenant. The Head of Service offered to obtain specific re-inspection figures to share with Councillor Thorp.

The Chair asked if there had been a timeline for rectifying Category 1 hazards. The Head of Service explained that a Category 1 hazard would have led to an emergency prohibiton order, meaning that the property could not be let until the landlord had rectified the issue. The timescales for dealing with such issues depended on each landlord.

Councillor Jackson congratulated the Head of Service on the work done uncovering 311 cannabis cultivations, which had supported the work of South Yorkshire Police on "Operation Grow". Councillor Jackson asked what would be done when a cannabis cultivation was found, a prohibition notice served and the property left long-term empty? Would the service work with the Empty Homes Team and what would the consequences be for the landlord?

The Head of Service confirmed that service would work with the Empty Homes team and would use whatever legislative powers they could – whether criminal or civil – to pursue the landlord, although there could be challenges in linking the landlord to the illegal operation if they had no knowledge of it. The Head of Service commented that a point of learning from this scheme had been that stricter licence conditions could be incorporated and legislation utilised to obtain closure orders and banning notices. The licence conditions had been set at the very start of the scheme and the service planned to review and develop the conditions before the start of any further scheme.

Councillor Tinsley commented on the compressed timescale of the scheme due to Covid and asked if agency workers and contractors had been used to catch up with the backlog of inspections? The Head of Service confirmed that towards the end of the scheme, it had become necessary to engage some agency workers to ensure that all inspections were completed on time.

In response to a further question from Councillor Tinsley as to whether the standard of inspections carried out by agency workers had been checked, the Head of Service confirmed that a quality assurance process had been carried out by a principal practitioner. The service had found that the agency inspectors were experienced and able to carry out their inspections relatively quickly as they had been organised in batches according to geographical proximity.

Councillor Tinsley asked whether, since the scheme ended in April 2025,

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information had been shared with tenants and communities to let them know who to contact with any issues with their properties? The Head of Service confirmed that work had been done with the Neighbourhood teams and communication distributed via briefings, newsletters and on social media setting out contacts for housing issues.

Councillor Allen asked the Head of Service if further information regarding the NHS costs savings calculator could be shared, which the Head of Service confirmed she would provide. Councillor Allen also asked what happened to residents when an emergency prohibition notice was issued? The Head of Service explained that when a property had been deemed unsafe to live in, the residents would be effectively rendered short-term homeless whilst repairs took place. If they had no alternative accommodation, the Council would take the usual steps via the Homeless team to assist with providing short-term accommodation.

Councillor Jones raised concerns regarding the enforcement failures within the Masbrough area. Councillor Jones felt that the service had underestimated the amount of properties in that area that were licensed and as a result had under resourced. Councillor Jones commented that the community in Masbrough was a very transient community with a large proportion of terraced housing stock which would struggle to meet the upcoming enhanced EPC requirements for rented properties. How could landlords be supported with this? Councillor Jones stated that he would like to see conditions requiring landlords to routinely visit and inspect their properties incorporated into licences. Councillor Jones had heard reports that certain landlords were under the impression that once their licence had been granted, they had five years' grace, in which time Category 2 hazards could easily turn into Category 1 hazards.

The Head of Service emphasised that one area of learning from the previous scheme had been that changes cannot be made by inspections alone. Long-term behavioural change was required and could only be achieved via a joining up of services working together to make improvements. The Head of Service agreed that improving EPC ratings would be very challenging for landlords in certain areas. The Council would be keen to work with landlords to try and provide help and support with this.

The Chair asked whether, without the Covid interruptions, the plan had been to revisit all properties within the 5 year timescale? The Head of Service confirmed that it had been the ambition to revisit all properties, but not 100% of properties.

Councillor Thorp questioned how the service had determined that the scheme had been a success? The Head of Service explained that were the scheme to be measured on what the areas had been declared on – deprivation – the answer would be that it hadn't been a success as these areas were still deprived. However, many hazards had been identified, properties had been made safer, failing landlords had been prosecuted –

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and these were all measures of success. The Head of Service commented that without the scheme, the Council would not have known about many of these issues and many families would be living in much worse conditions. The Head of Service acknowledged that the scheme had not been as successful as hoped, largely due to the restrictions imposed by Covid, but stated that many lessons had been learnt for the service to take forward.

The Strategic Director for Regeneration and Environment commented that 292 properties had Category 1 hazards removed from them, which was a sign of success. The fact that some parts of the borough would no longer be proposed to be part of any future scheme, could also be considered a sign of success.

Councillor Thorp asked whether landlords with multiple properties had more issues, compared to landlords with only one or two properties. The Head of Service commented that landlords with multiple properties had often engaged managing agents and operated in more of a professional space so generally, had less issues.

# Resolved:-

That the contents of the presentation providing a Review of Selective Licensing 2020-2025 be noted.

### 23. PLAN FOR NEIGHBOURHOODS 2025-2035

At the Chair's invitation, the Cabinet Member for Transport, Jobs & the Local Economy, Councillor Williams, introduced the update presentation and explained that the Plan for Neighbourhoods was a rebranding by the current government of the former Long Term Plan for Towns - the funding and the geographical areas under consideration remained the same. The Plan was part of the government's wider strategy for ensuring that no area was left behind and to help revitalise local areas to fight deprivation. Councillor Williams explained that there were three specific goals identified by the plan, namely:-

- Thriving neighbourhoods;
- Stronger communities; and
- Giving residents more control.

Councillor Williams confirmed the funding available to be £20 million over 10 years. Careful thought would need to be given as to how best to spend this significant amount of funding to provide maximum impact for neighbourhoods. At the heart of Rotherham's plan for this funding is the town centre and outlying urban areas of deprivation. The areas to be included in the Plan for Neighbourhoods had been determined by a government analysis of urban features.

Councillor Williams encouraged members, when considering the Plan for

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Neighbourhoods, to avoid zoning in on their immediate areas of interest in their specific wards, but to consider the boundary of the area within the plan as one entity and community for the benefit of the whole Borough. The focus of Rotherham's Plan for Neighbourhoods would be supporting and strengthening communities identified from the inside and building up the offer in the town centre to serve those communities and beyond.

Councillor Williams explained that the allocation of the funding would be led by the Neighbourhood Board, in consultation with the community. Extensive consultation had been undertaken under the Long Term Plan for Towns and this would be continued into the Plan for Neighbourhoods. The Council's key role would be as the accountable body for this funding.

Megan Hinchliff, Regeneration Programme & Strategy Manager, gave a presentation on the Plan for Neighbourhoods which covered the following points and issues:

- A timeline of the Regeneration Programme from 2017 onwards, with details of specific projects and their funding streams. This demonstrated how Rotherham had been successful in securing and channelling regeneration funding.
- An explanation that the fund aimed to focus on neighbourhoods and communities with the most need, with the emphasis on social cohesion and social connection, raising living standards and increasing opportunities for young people. This would be a placebased investment approach, tackling all areas of life.
- An explanation of the area prescribed by the Government to benefit from this funding – the "built up area" – and how the boundaries had been determined, using date from the Office of National Statistics.
- An explanation that the map provided within the presentation had been provided by the government and the boundaries on it were not sufficiently clear. The service would look to redraw the map and make it more readable for publishing. The boundaries incorporate a number of communities which immediately surround the usual town centre footprint. How exactly the funding would be be spent would be determined by the Neighbourhood Board but the overarching theme would be that it should be for the benefit of the whole borough.
- Details of the consultation process carried out to date and confirmation that the work and evidence gathered over the lifetime of the Long Term Plans for Towns scheme would be used and further built upon over the next 10 years of the Plan for Neighbourhoods scheme. The most recent consultation completed on 11 August 2025 and service had evaluated the data.
- An examination of the key themes which came out of the

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consultation undertaken in 2024 and 2025. This had been based on the Place Standard Tool methodology, whereby neighbourhoods and places were evaluated using 14 themes and participants provided a score between 1 and 7 – with 1 being low and 7, high. The Council partnered with Voluntary Action Rotherham, who led on the stakeholder consultation with communities. This consultation had led to the identification of the top 5 areas of priority, namely:-

- Influence and sense of control residents don't feel listened to:
- 2. Feeling safe concern about anti-social behaviour;
- 3. Care & Maintenance:
- 4. Traffic & Parking; and
- 5. Work & Local Economy

This feedback together with the Government data would inform where the funding should be allocated. Interventions would be prioritised where they had clear collective benefits and met the needs of the geographical areas as a whole.

- More information on the make-up of the Neighbourhood Board, which would be required to lead on the fund. The Board would aim to put local people at the centre of defining the area's future so would need to bring together, for example: residents; local businesses; grassroots campaigners; workplace representatives; faith and community leaders; and those with a deep connection to their area. There would also be a number of statutory members, which would include the local MP, two ward members and a representative from South Yorkshire Police.
- A timeline of key dates moving forward. The plan would be taken to Cabinet on 17<sup>th</sup> November 2025, prior to the deadline to submit a Regeneration Plan to MHCLG on 28<sup>th</sup> November 2025. The first tranche of funding would be due from April 2026.

The Chair invited members of IPSC to raise questions and queries on the presentation and in the ensuing question and answer session the following points were raised:

Councillor Allen expressed her disappointment that her previously minuted request at the IPSC meeting on 8<sup>th</sup> July 2025 had not been fulfilled. She had wanted an overview of how the different regeneration and funding streams fit together like a jigsaw to provide a cohesive approach. However, she felt like she had just been provided with a list. The Chair agreed and informed the Commission that he had reminded officers of Councillor Allen's request when papers were submitted, but due to timings had not been able to check if the response was sufficient before publication.

In response, Andrew Bramidge, Strategic Director for Regeneration and

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Environment, apologised that the information provided had not delivered what Councillor Allen had requested and explained that with many different, disparate programmes, it was difficult to present a coherent pattern. However, he assured Councillor Allen that service would work on providing something that addressed the issues she had raised.

Councillor Allen also expressed concern over the potential make-up of the Neighbourhood Board and the challenge of ensuring that the board would be made up of people who are deeply connected to their areas. Councillor Allen felt that there was a risk of the voices of the communities competing with each other and getting lost and that the Neighbourhood Board could end up being more of the same, from the same people.

In response, the Strategic Director for Regeneration and Environment agreed that it would be challenging to ensure the correct balance on the Neighbourhood Board of voices from those who are deeply connected to the borough and the communities within the area. Particularly when there was a level of prescription from the government in terms of geography and the requirement for statutory members. The Strategic Director for Regeneration and Environment confirmed that service are hoping to involve the voluntary community sector to tap into wider contacts.

Simon Moss, Assistant Director of Planning, Regeneration & Transport, commented that he felt that this programme did feel different and not just more of the same. The ethos of the scheme was not just regeneration and capital but up to 25% of the funding could be used for revenue, which would bring in a different range of potential activities. The Regeneration Programme & Strategy Manager emphasised that the Council was aware of the risks with Neighbourhood Board and would work closely with the Chair of the Board to curate an appropriate membership and make sure that it represented the priorities that the community had set. Upon further questioning, officers clarified that no Chair of the Board had yet been appointed.

The Chair asked whether the Neighbourhood Board of 20 members would be made up of entirely new members and replace the current Town Deal board? The Regeneration Programme & Strategy Manager clarified that the advice from the government had been utilise the existing Town Board in order to get moving with the plan but that this should evolve into an appropriate Neighbourhood Board. The Town Board would continue with its functions of overseeing the Pathfinder programme.

The Chair asked if there were any restrictions imposed on how the £20 million over 10 years could be spent – would it have to be spread across the years or could it be spent in chunks or even all at once? The Regeneration Programme & Strategy Manager confirmed that the Council would have flexibility to set the spending profile over the 10 years.

Councillor Thorp expressed frustration with the consultation process and that the lowest score (and therefore highest priority theme) on the

# **IMPROVING PLACES SELECT COMMISSION- 02/09/25**

consultation had been that residents don't feel listened to. Councillor Thorp commented that this was a common outcome of every consultation and was of the opinion that questions are presented to residents in a way that makes it difficult for them to respond openly.

IPSC Co-optee, Mrs. M. Jacques, shared her personal experience of taking part in the consultation and felt that it had asked what residents wanted to see or what was lacking in their neighbourhoods. The Regeneration Programme & Strategy Manager commented that the consultation had been an open consultation based around themes, with no leading questions.

Councillor Thorp also expressed disappointment with the focus on the town centre. Councillor Thorp felt that, whilst part of his ward comes within the boundary of the scheme, it would be unlikely to feel any benefit from the funding.

In response, the Cabinet Member reminded members that the geography of the boundaries of the Neighbourhood Plan area had been set by the government. He encouraged members to take a holistic approach and stressed that whilst the physical interventions might be in a specific area, they must be for the benefit of the whole borough, so that people who come into the town centre from other areas, also feel that benefit.

Councillor Jones commented that he agreed with Councillor Allen's concerns regarding the potentially predictable make-up of the Neighbourhood Board and the potential for duplication.

Councillor Sheppard commented that it was positive to receive funds that could be spent flexibly and queried whether the funds could be used as an enabler for projects that could attract other streams of funding. He further commented that it would be good if members of wards within the scheme boundaries could interact with the Neighbourhood Board to put schemes forward that match their local priorities. This may enable match funding with the capital award budgets that could help smaller schemes to get more help. The Regeneration Programme & Strategy Manager confirmed that the scheme encouraged the Council to attract match funding for this programme and that it could work the other way in terms of matching other funding.

The Chair asked whether the Neighbourhood Board would decide on the ambitions of the plan and whether this would be a single ambition or lots of smaller ones. The Regeneration Programme & Strategy Manager commented that it would be difficult to confirm at that point in time, but that the key areas of intervention that had been identified were youth provisions and tackling health inequality. The detail would be worked out with the Neighbourhood Board, once in place.

The Strategic Director for Regeneration and Environment proposed that this item be brought back to IPSC's October meeting to provide members

# **IMPROVING PLACES SELECT COMMISSION - 02/09/25**

with further opportunity to contribute to the development of plans prior to submission to the government in November, and to facilitate further regarding the appropriate membership of the Neighbourhood Board. Members agreed with this suggestion.

### Resolved:-

- (1) That the contents of the presentation on the Plan for Neighbourhoods 2025-2035 be noted;
- (2) That Councillor Allen's previously minuted request (at Minute 16 of the Improving Places Select Commission meeting held on 8 July 2025) for a detailed analysis of how the various different regeneration plans and funding streams fit and dovetail together to create a whole borough approach, be provided;
- (3) That Improving Places Select Commission receives a further update on the Plan for Neighbourhoods 2025-2030 at the meeting on 21 October 2025, to further explore point 2 above and to receive further information on the potential make-up of the Neighbourhood Board; and
- (4) That Improving Places Select Commission be given further opportunity to review and comment on the Plan for Neighbourhoods 2025-2035 at the meeting on 21 October 2025, prior to a spending proposal being submitted to Cabinet in November 2025.

# 24. IMPROVING PLACES SELECT COMMISSION - WORK PROGRAMME 2025 - 2026

The Chair introduced the work programme report and noted the following –

# **School Road Safety Review Update**

- The Chair confirmed that with the arrival of new Governance Advisor, Kristianne Thorogood, who would be supporting the Improving Lives Select Commission going forward and taking over from Barbel Gale, she would be in touch with members of the panel for this review to re-start the process.
- Councillor Thorp queried whether this would be the start of a new review of whether it was a continuation of the review which had started but then paused.
- The Chair confirmed that it would be a continuation of the review which had been started but that it had paused due to considerations as to potential cross-over with a Cabinet review on a similar road safety issue. The scoping of both reviews had now been clarified and work can proceed on the IPSC review.

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Councillor Allen proposed that, following mention of the proposed Bassingthorpe Farm housing development and Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) in the Housing Strategy item, it would be worthwhile for IPSC to be given the opportunity to scrutinise these plans, particularly in the context of the lessons that have been learnt from the other recent large scale housing development project within the borough at Waverley.

Councillor Allen also suggested that IPSC members consider a future visit to the Bassingthorpe Farm site, along with any other places of interest to the Commission in the borough. She mentioned that the Planning Board would be carrying out a full day of site visits later in September and felt that a similar trip would be of benefit to IPSC members.

The Chair confirmed that the Bassingthorpe SPD was due to go to Cabinet on 15 September 2025 for adoption. The Strategic Director for Regeneration and Environment, commented that whilst Cabinet were due to consider the SPD later in September, it would be a very long term development for the borough and there would be plenty of opportunity for IPSC to scrutinise and shape the plans for the site as they develop further.

The Chair supported Councillor Allen's suggestion that the Bassingthorpe Farm development be looked at further by IPSC, particularly with the Waverley connection, and was also supportive of the suggestion that potential site visits were considered. The Chair mentioned as other possible sites/visits of interest – the construction of the new library and a visit to see the new grass cutting equipment in action. The Chair invited other members to put forward any further suggestions they had for potential site visits for consideration.

The Strategic Director for Regeneration and Environment, suggested that the Bassingthorpe Farm development would be a good item for a future dedicated Workshop for IPSC. The Chair and members agreed and the timing and scoping of this Workshop would be considered further.

### Resolved:-

- (1) That the update on the Work Programme be received and noted;
- (2) That the Governance Advisor be authorised to make any required changes to the work programme in consultation with the Chair/Vice Chair and reporting any such changes back at the next meeting for endorsement:
- (3) That Councillor Allen's suggestion that IPSC conduct site visits to key developments, such as the proposed housing development at Bassingthorpe Farm, be considered and taken forward into the IPSC work programme, in collaboration with Officers; and
- (4) That a potential workshop for IPSC be considered on the

# **IMPROVING PLACES SELECT COMMISSION - 02/09/25**

Bassingthorpe Farm development, to be delivered by Officers at a time and date to be agreed, after the Supplementary Planning Document has gone before Cabinet on 15<sup>th</sup> September 2025.

# 25. URGENT BUSINESS

The Chair advised that there were no urgent items of business requiring the Commission's consideration.

# Public Report Improving Places Select Commission

# **Committee Name and Date of Committee Meeting**

Improving Places Select Commission – 21 October 2025

# **Report Title**

Housing Strategy 2025-2030 Action Plan

# Is this a Key Decision and has it been included on the Forward Plan?

# **Strategic Director Approving Submission of the Report**

Ian Spicer, Strategic Director of Adult Care, Housing and Public Health

# Report Author(s)

Garry Newton, Housing Development Intelligence Coordinator garry.newton@rotherham.gov.uk

# Ward(s) Affected

Borough-Wide

# **Report Summary**

This report presents the draft Housing Strategy Action Plan ('the Action Plan') for 2025-2030.

The Housing Strategy 2025-2030 ('the Strategy') was approved by Cabinet on 15<sup>th</sup> September, with delegated authority to the Strategic Director of Adult Care, Housing and Public Health to approve the Action Plan.

The Action Plan is based on the priorities and aims in the Strategy and allows the Council to monitor 16 key performance indicators.

As with previous chapters of the Strategy, the Improving Places Select Commission is responsible for monitoring the progress of the Action Plan.

# Recommendations

- 1. That Improving Places Select Commission (IPSC) consider the contents of the Action Plan.
- 2. That IPSC review the progress of the Action Plan on an annual basis. Performance will be measured April-March and it is requested that the Action Plan progress report is presented to IPSC every July of the Strategy period.

# **List of Appendices Included**

Appendix 1 Housing Strategy Action Plan draft

# Consideration by any other Council Committee, Scrutiny or Advisory Panel No

**Council Approval Required** No

**Exempt from the Press and Public** No

# **Housing Strategy 2025-2030 Action Plan**

# 1. Background

- 1.1 Rotherham's 30-year Housing Strategy was published in December 2012. It sets out the Council's long-term vision for housing in the Borough until 2043. The Strategy is regularly refreshed to ensure it remains up to date, addressing the current challenges and opportunities and referencing the latest statistical evidence. The fifth refresh is the Housing Strategy 2025-30.
- 1.2 Consultation on the Strategy (2025-2030) commenced in August 2024. A workshop session was held with IPSC on the 12<sup>th</sup> December 2024, which offered members the opportunity to hear a summary of consultation and feedback, and to offer views on future priorities for the new Strategy.
- On 2<sup>nd</sup> September, IPSC were presented with a draft of the Strategy and a discussion was held with officers. On Monday 15<sup>th</sup> September 2025, Cabinet approved the Strategy, with delegated authority to the Strategic Director of Adult Care, Housing and Public Health to approve the Action Plan.
- 1.4 Cabinet also approved the recommendation from IPSC to add the following text to the Strategy:

"Our housing officers undergo comprehensive training to effectively deal with Anti-Social Behaviour (ASB). This training ensures that they:

- Identify and understand ASB issues
- Know when and how to report incidents
- Are aware of the powers available to the council to address ASB." Equipped with this knowledge, our officers can take prompt and effective action to tackle ASB, providing a safer and more supportive environment for our community."

This text has been added alongside a case study on anti-social behaviour, which was also a suggestion made at IPSC on 2<sup>nd</sup> September.

# 2. Key Issues

2.1 The Strategy has four priorities:

Priority 1: Building high quality, sustainable and affordable new homes.

Priority 2: Improving the safety, quality and energy efficiency of our homes.

Priority 3: Supporting our residents to live independently, including through prevention of homelessness.

Priority 4: Ensuring that our neighbourhoods are safe, happy, and thriving.

There are three aims under each priority and a section on 'How we will measure success'. This forms the basis of the Action Plan (Appendix 2).

2.2 The Action Plan consists of 16 Key Performance Indicators that have been

- created from the statements in the 'How we will measure success' sections in the Strategy.
- 2.3 The key performance indicators each have a number of measures that will be monitored over the five-year period to ensure that the aims of the Strategy are met. These measures range from internal data on council housing, key milestones being reached and case studies to show the positive impact on our residents.
- 2.4 The Action Plan will be monitored by the Strategic Housing team, and progress will be presented annually to IPSC, after the end of each financial year.

### 3. Recommendations

- 3.1 That Improving Places Select Commission (IPSC) consider the contents of the Action Plan.
- 3.2 Improving Places Select Commission are asked to review the progress of the Action Plan on an annual basis. Performance will be measured April-March and it is requested that the Housing Strategy 2025-30 Action Plan progress update is presented to IPSC every July of the Strategy period.

# Accountable Officer(s)

Michael Hellewell, Head of Strategic Housing and Development Sarah Watts, Strategic Housing Manager

Report Author: Garry Newton, Housing Development Intelligence Coordinator garry.newton@rotherham.gov.uk

# Priority 1: Building high quality, sustainable and affordable new homes.

#### Our aims:

- We will work with partners to enable the delivery of new homes to meet local need.
- We will lead by example by building and acquiring hundreds of new council homes.
- We will ensure new homes are high quality and sustainable.

# **Key performance indicators:**

- Increase the number of new homes built in the Borough.
- Ensure a minimum 25% of new homes are affordable housing.
- Increase the number of council homes available, including through new build and acquisitions.
- Ensure all council new build and acquisitions are a minimum EPC C when let.

# Over the next five years, we will:

- Provide a high quality, efficient planning service to help accelerate delivery, including pre-application advice for housing developments and working with housing developers and builders to enable key strategic housing sites identified in the Local Plan to meet housing targets.
- Continue to **diversify the housing offer** in the Borough, including affordable home ownership options such as shared ownership, more joint working with SMEs and housing associations, supported by partnership working with SYMCA and Homes England to maximise funding opportunities for housing schemes.
- Adopt the Bassingthorpe Farm Supplementary Planning Document and work with partners to shape delivery of this and other key strategic housing sites.
- Deliver more **council and affordable homes** through our Council build, acquisitions and small sites homebuilding initiative programmes on sites across the Borough, and through our work to enable affordable housing with partners. We will achieve our 1,000 Council homes target by Summer 2027 and build a pipeline of future affordable housing projects.
- Meet and where possible, exceed minimum nationally described **space standards** when building new council homes, and build new homes with renewable energy systems to ensure that they are **zero carbon ready** to meet the Future Homes Standard. We will also ensure all Council acquisitions are a minimum of EPC rating C.
- Use our **Place and Quality Panel** to ensure schemes are delivered with input from cross-council services and that we learn from outcomes of recent delivery.

- No. of new homes built, including council and partner delivery
- Planning applications
- % of housing target achieved
- Customer feedback

- No. of developments meeting the Affordable Housing policy
- Adoption of the Bassingthorpe SPD
- New build EPC ratings
- Case studies

# Priority 2: Improving the safety, quality and energy efficiency of our homes

#### Our aims:

- We will work towards ensuring that no household is living in fuel poverty.
- We will ensure that our residents live in safe, decent, high-quality homes.
- We will work towards ensuring that all landlords, including the Council, operate to the highest standard.

# **Key performance indicators:**

- Increasing the percentage of satisfied tenants in all of the Regulator of Social Housing's Tenant Satisfaction Measures
- Increasing the proportion of our council homes that meet the Decent Homes Standard and continue to improve our repairs and health and safety compliance performance
- Increasing the number of private sector landlord actions addressing Category 1 and 2 hazards following Council intervention.
- Reducing the percentage of households living in (Low Income Low Energy Efficiency) fuel poverty in Rotherham
- Increasing energy efficiency in existing homes, including ensuring all council homes achieve an EPC certificate minimum rating C by 2030.

# Over the next five years, we will:

- Meet or exceed minimum **council housing standards** to ensure our tenants are safe in their homes. We will focus on improving our performance against the Decent Homes Standard; ensuring all repairs, risk assessments, inspections and safety checks are carried out to target timescales; and improving how we manage our homes and work with our tenants to meet the consumer standards. This will be underpinned by our stock condition survey and a £37m expansion in our housing improvements capital programme.
- Continue to provide a range of support to address **fuel poverty** and **improve energy efficiency**. Our energy crisis support scheme will support qualifying residents in fuel poverty, and our Healthy Homes Plan will provide help and advice to residents to increase energy efficiency in their homes, supported by ECO4 and ECO5 grants for our most vulnerable residents and/or homes with the lowest energy efficiency.
- Develop our **council housing decarbonisation plan**, aiming to meet legal requirements to achieve EPC C by 2030, and then a roadmap to net zero emissions. We will maximise opportunities to invest in the Borough by bidding for funding that becomes available through Department for Energy Security and Net Zero.
- Hold landlords in **Selective Licensing areas** responsible for the condition and management of their properties and, subject to review of recent consultation, continue to review the case to expand Selective Licensing to other areas of the borough. We will also implement new powers granted by the Renters Rights Act.

- Tenant satisfaction measures (various)
- No. of homes meeting decent homes standards (or other)
- £ of capital investment
- No. of Cat1 and Cat2 hazards

- % households in fuel poverty
- Homes with EPC rating C or above
- No. of ECO grants accessed
- Case studies

# Priority 3: Preventing homelessness and supporting our residents to live independently

#### Our aims:

- We will end rough sleeping in Rotherham and work to prevent our residents from becoming homeless.
- We will work with partners to help our most vulnerable residents live independently.
- We will provide a range of housing to suit the needs of individual households.

# **Key performance indicators:**

- An increase in the proportion of households approaching us for help who are prevented or relieved from homelessness, rather than requiring longer term support.
- Further reductions in the use of hotels as emergency accommodation.
- An increase in the number of affordable homes built in Rotherham that meet a specialist need.
- More residents able to benefit from adaptations to their homes, within smaller waiting times.

# Over the next five years, we will:

- Further strengthen our focus on **homelessness prevention** through an updated Homelessness Prevention and Rough Sleeper Strategy. We will step up support for those facing homelessness; we will ensure financial support is made available including issuing discretionary housing payments; and we will work more closely with families and landlords to keep people in their homes for longer.
- Increase the provision of suitable **temporary and move-on accommodation**. We will improve the quality and service standards of temporary accommodation and deliver further reductions in the usage of emergency hotel accommodation. And we will work with private landlords and housing associations to improve the range of permanent accommodation available.
- Improve our understanding of the diverse needs of our tenants, including vulnerabilities, so we can get better at early intervention and tailoring our services.
- Continue to **build and acquire a range of house types**, to meet the needs of older residents, residents with disabilities, vulnerable adults and families, looked after children and care leavers to rent from the council or housing associations. This will be informed by developing our understanding of different housing needs e.g. armed forces, learning disability and autism, physical disability, mental health, and gypsies and travellers.
- Fully implement our **new approach to aids and adaptations**, including stepping up the use of discretionary grants, with an aim to reduce the average length of time waiting for major adaptations.
- Change how our **social housing allocations** policy works, so we are making better use of our limited council housing stock, meeting housing need, and supporting successful and balanced communities.

- Updated Homelessness and Rough Sleeper Strategy
- No. of homelessness cases received, prevented or relieved
- Discretionary housing payments issued
- No. of hotels / temporary accommodation properties accessed
- No. of homes built or acquired which meet specific needs
- No. of adaptations / types of adaptations
- Customer feedback
- Case studies

# Priority 4 – Ensuring that our neighbourhoods are safe, happy, and thriving.

#### **Our Aims:**

- We will bring empty homes back into use.
- We will invest in our communities to ensure they are inclusive and safe.
- We will ensure that new and improved homes support regeneration.

# **Key performance indicators:**

- Reduce the number of long-term empty homes.
- Increase the percentage of council tenants satisfied we make a positive contribution to neighbourhoods.
- Increase the percentage of tenants satisfied with our approach to handling anti-social behaviour.

# Over the next five years, we will:

- Deliver our **Empty Homes Plan**. We will provide advice to owners and landlords of empty homes to help bring homes back into use, use enforcement powers to tackle empty homes where necessary, and ensure that empty council homes (voids) are brought back into use as soon as possible.
- Continue to invest in and improve our **tenant and resident engagement**, including through creating a new Tenant Engagement Framework with our council tenants; working to retain our TPAS exemplar status for demonstrating long-term commitment to community engagement; and working with Rother Fed and our tenants to strengthen tenant voice and influence.
- Deliver improvements to our council estate **communal and shared areas**, through introducing new estate caretaking teams and increasing our investment in environmental schemes around our housing blocks.
- Improve our approach to tackling **anti-social behaviour** in our communities, including by making more use of enforcement powers such as civil penalty notices, finding new purposes for areas of land currently attracting anti-social behaviour and fly-tipping, and strengthening the approach our housing officers take when dealing with incidents.
- Make £216,000 in funding available annually to be allocated to projects and environmental improvements that directly benefit council tenants via our **Ward Housing Budget**.
- Implement the Council's Banning Order Policy to tackle landlords who are in breach of one or more of the sections of the Housing Act 2004.

- No. of long-term empty properties
- No. of empty properties brought back into use
- Average relet time for council homes
- £ invested in communities via ward budgets

- Community protection notices issued
- Banning orders issued
- Customer feedback
- Case studies

# **Cross Cutting Objectives**

In delivering the four priorities outlined above, we will also pursue three cross-cutting objectives:

Keeping our residents healthy and warm	Playing our part to reduce carbon emissions	Reduce inequalities in and between our communities
There is a clear and direct link between our health and our homes.	It is estimated that around 20% of all carbon emissions are from our homes.	The housing crisis does not impact everyone equally.
Implementing energy efficiencies including insulation to our homes will mean we are warmer and less likely to develop respiratory problems, as well as reducing the mental stress of high energy bills. Reducing hazards in the home will reduce the risk of ill health.  Building homes that are zero-carbon ready, with high energy performance means that new homes will be warmer and cheaper to run.	New homes have higher energy performance, and a new Future Homes Standard will see renewable or electric energy sources replace non-renewable energy in new build homes. Building homes has a significant carbon footprint, but this must be considered alongside the urgent need to house residents. Modern methods of construction can reduce the carbon footprint of housing	For example, some areas have higher numbers of privately rented homes that are smaller, older and more likely to be in disrepair. This can lead to overcrowding and health issues, and make areas feel less safe. It can also disproportionately impact certain groups who are more likely to live in these areas, for example those on lower incomes.
Adapting properties for residents who are growing older or have disabilities will enable them to live in their homes independently.	development.  Decarbonising existing homes by improving insulation and retrofitting low-carbon heating technologies will also	Increasing the range, quality and energy efficiency of homes can address inequalities faced by older and disabled residents.
By building homes that are accessible, a greater range of homes will be available to meet the diverse needs of our residents.	reduce carbon emissions.  Designing new estates and neighbourhoods that are well connected	The cost-of-living crisis disproportionately affects residents on lower incomes, who spend more of their disposable income on housing. By reducing energy bills and
Well-designed neighbourhoods support active travel, which has a range of health benefits.	to services can help to promote active travel and therefore reduce dependence on cars.	housing costs, we can reduce financial pressure on residents.

Delivery of the priorities and aims of the Housing Strategy will contribute towards addressing each of the cross-cutting objectives.

# HOUSING STRATEGY – Action Plan 2025-2030



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# Background

- Visited IPSC in September
- Cabinet approval for Strategy with IPSC recommendation
- Action Plan and additional case studies

# **Priority summary**

· We will work towards ensuring that no household	We will work with partners	· We will bring empty
	to hole our most vulgorable	
is the description of the second	to help our most vulnerable	homes back into use.
is living in fuel poverty.	residents live independently.	
· We will ensure that our	We will provide a range of	· We will invest in our communities to ensure
residents live in safe, decent,	housing to suit the needs of	communities to ensure
high-quality homes.	individual households.	they are inclusive and safe.
· We will ensure that all	We will end rough sleeping	· We will ensure that new
landlords operate to the	in Rotherham and work to	and improved homes
highest standard.	prevent our residents from becoming homeless.	support regeneration.
	high-quality homes.  · We will ensure that all landlords operate to the	high-quality homes. individual households.  • We will ensure that all landlords operate to the highest standard. We will end rough sleeping in Rotherham and work to prevent our residents from

# Our approach

Keeping our residents healthy and warm
Playing our part to reduce carbon emissions
Reduce inequalities in and between our communities

# Priority 1: Building high quality, sustainable and affordable new homes.

#### Our aims:

- We will work with partners to enable the delivery of new homes to meet local need.
- We will lead by example by building and acquiring hundreds of new council homes.
- We will ensure new homes are high quality and sustainable.

# **Key Performance Indicators:**

- Increase the number of new homes built in the Borough.
- Ensure a minimum 25% of new homes are affordable housing.
- Increase the number of council homes available, including through new build and acquisitions.
- Ensure all council new build and acquisitions are a minimum EPC C when let.

# Over the next five years, we will:

- Provide a high quality, efficient planning service to help accelerate delivery, including pre-application advice for housing developments and working with housing developers and builders to enable key strategic housing sites identified in the Local Plan to meet housing targets.
- Continue to **diversify the housing offer** in the Borough, including affordable home ownership options such as shared ownership, more joint working with SMEs and housing associations, supported by partnership working with SYMCA and Homes England to maximise funding opportunities for housing schemes.
- Adopt the Bassingthorpe Farm Supplementary Planning Document and work with partners to shape delivery of this and other key strategic housing sites.
- Deliver more **council and affordable homes** through our Council build, acquisitions and small sites homebuilding initiative programmes on sites of across the Borough, and through our work to enable affordable housing with partners. We will achieve our 1,000 Council homes target by Summer 2027 and build a pipeline of future affordable housing projects.
- Meet and where possible, exceed minimum nationally described **space standards** when building new council homes, and build new homes with renewable energy systems to ensure that they are **zero carbon ready** to meet the Future Homes Standard. We will also ensure all Council acquisitions are a minimum of EPC rating C.
- Use our Place and Quality Panel to ensure schemes are delivered with input from cross-council services and that we learn from outcomes of recent delivery.

- No. of new homes built, including council and partner delivery
- Planning applications
- % of housing target achieved
- Customer feedback

- No. of developments meeting the Affordable Housing policy
- Adoption of the Bassingthorpe SPD
- New build EPC ratings
- Case studies

# Priority 2: Improving the safety, quality and energy efficiency of our homes

### Our aims:

- We will work towards ensuring that no household is living in fuel poverty.
- We will ensure that our residents live in safe, decent, high-quality homes.
- We will work towards ensuring that all landlords, including the Council, operate to the highest standard.

# **Key Performance Indicators:**

- Increasing the percentage of satisfied tenants in all of the Regulator of Social Housing's Tenant Satisfaction Measures
- Increasing the proportion of our council homes that meet the Decent Homes
   Standard and continue to improve our repairs and health and safety compliance
   performance
- Increasing the number of private sector landlord actions addressing Category 1 and 2 hazards following Council intervention.
- Reducing the percentage of households living in (Low Income Low Energy Efficiency) fuel poverty in Rotherham
- Increasing energy efficiency in existing homes, including ensuring all council homes achieve an EPC certificate minimum rating C by 2030.

# Over the next five years, we will:

- Meet or exceed minimum council housing standards to ensure our tenants are safe in their homes. We will focus on improving our performance against the Decent Homes Standard; ensuring all repairs, risk assessments, inspections and safety checks are carried out to target timescales; and improving how we manage our homes and work with our tenants to meet the consumer standards. This will be underpinned by our stock condition survey and a £37m expansion in our housing improvements capital programme.
- Continue to provide a range of support to address **fuel poverty** and **improve energy efficiency**. Our energy crisis support scheme will support qualifying residents in fuel poverty, and our Healthy Homes Plan will provide help and advice to residents to increase energy efficiency in their homes, supported by ECO4 and ECO5 grants for our most vulnerable residents and/or homes with the lowest energy efficiency.
- Develop our **council housing decarbonisation plan**, aiming to meet legal requirements to achieve EPC C by 2030, and then a roadmap to net zero emissions. We will maximise opportunities to invest in the Borough by bidding for funding that becomes available through Department for Energy Security and Net Zero.
- Hold landlords in **Selective Licensing areas** responsible for the condition and management of their properties and, subject to review of recent consultation, continue to review the case to expand Selective Licensing to other areas of the borough. We will also implement new powers granted by the Renters Rights Act.

- Tenant satisfaction measures (various)
- No. of homes meeting decent homes standards (or other)
- £ of capital investment
- No. of Cat1 and Cat2 hazards

- % households in fuel poverty
- Homes with EPC rating C or above
- No. of ECO grants accessed
- Case studies

# Priority 3: Supporting our residents to live independently, including through prevention of homelessness.

#### Our aims:

- We will end rough sleeping in Rotherham and work to prevent our residents from becoming homeless.
- We will work with partners to help our most vulnerable residents live independently.
- We will provide a range of housing to suit the needs of individual households.

#### **Key Performance Indicators:**

- An increase in the proportion of households approaching us for help who are prevented or relieved from homelessness, rather than requiring longer term support.
- Further reductions in the use of hotels as emergency accommodation.
- An increase in the number of affordable homes built in Rotherham that meet a specialist need.
- More residents able to benefit from adaptations to their homes, within smaller waiting times.

#### Over the next five years, we will:

- Further strengthen our focus on **homelessness prevention** through an updated Homelessness Prevention and Rough Sleeper Strategy. We will step up support for those facing homelessness; we will ensure financial support is made available including issuing discretionary housing payments; and we will work more closely with families and landlords to keep people in their homes for longer.
- Increase the provision of suitable **temporary and move-on accommodation**. We will improve the quality and service standards of temporary accommodation and deliver further reductions in the usage of emergency hotel accommodation. And we will work with private landlords and housing associations to improve the range of permanent accommodation available.
- Improve our **understanding of the diverse needs of our tenants**, including vulnerabilities, so we can get better at early intervention and tailoring of services.
- Continue to **build and acquire a range of house types**, to meet the needs of older residents, residents with disabilities, vulnerable adults and families looked after children and care leavers to rent from the council or housing associations. This will be informed by developing our understanding of different housing needs e.g. armed forces, learning disability and autism, physical disability, mental health, and gypsies and travellers.
- Fully implement our **new approach to aids and adaptations**, including stepping up the use of discretionary grants, with an aim to reduce the average length of time waiting for major adaptations.
- Change how our **social housing allocations** policy works, so we are making better use of our limited council housing stock, meeting housing need, and supporting successful and balanced communities.

#### **Indicators**

- Updated Homelessness and Rough Sleeper Strategy
- No. of homelessness cases received, prevented or relieved
- Discretionary housing payments issued
- No. of hotels / temporary accommodation properties accessed

- No. of homes built or acquired which meet specific needs
- No. of adaptations / types of adaptations
- Customer feedback
  - Case studies

### Priority 4 – Ensuring that our neighbourhoods are safe, happy, and thriving.

#### **Our Aims:**

- We will bring empty homes back into use.
- We will invest in our communities to ensure they are inclusive and safe.
- We will ensure that new and improved homes support regeneration.

#### **Key Performance Indicators:**

- Reduce the number of long-term empty homes.
- Increase the percentage of council tenants satisfied we make a positive contribution to neighbourhoods.
- Increase the percentage of tenants satisfied with our approach to handling antisocial behaviour.

#### Over the next five years, we will:

- Deliver our Empty Homes Plan. We will provide advice to owners and landlords of empty homes to help bring homes back into use, use enforcement powers to tackle empty homes where necessary, and ensure that empty council homes (voids) are brought back into use as soon as possible.
- Continue to invest in and improve our tenant and resident engagement, including through creating a new Tenant Engagement Framework with our council tenants; working to retain our TPAS exemplar status for demonstrating long-term commitment to community engagement; and working with Rother Fed and our tenants to strengthen tenant voice and influence. ag
- Deliver improvements to our council estate communal and shared areas, through introducing new estate caretaking teams and increasing our investment in environmental schemes around our housing blocks.
- Improve our approach to tackling anti-social behaviour in our communities, including by making more use of enforcement powers such as civil penalty notices, finding new purposes for areas of land currently attracting anti-social behaviour and fly-tipping, and strengthening the approach out housing officers take when dealing with incidents.
- Make £216,000 in funding available annually to be allocated to projects and environmental improvements that directly benefit council tenants via our Ward Housing Budget.
- Implement the Council's Banning Order Policy to tackle landlords who are in breach of one or more of the sections of the Housing Act 2004.

#### **Indicators**

- No. of long-term empty properties
- No. of empty properties brought back into use
- Average relet time for council homes
- £ invested in communities via ward budgets

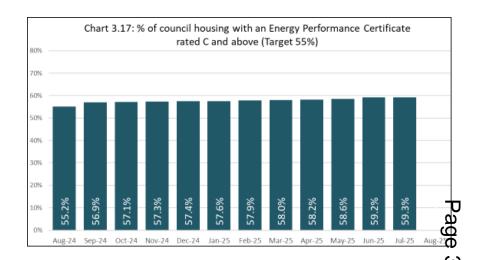
- Community protection notices issued
- Banning orders issued
- Customer feedback
- Case studies

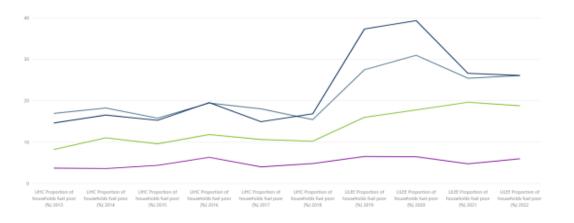
# How will we measure performance?

 Housing monthly scorecard

Case studies

National data





# Example of how we measure performance: Priority 1 - Building high quality, sustainable and affordable new homes

Key Performance Indicator: Increase the number of council homes available, including through new build and acquisitions.					
How do we achieve this?	Deliver more council and affordable homes through our Council build, acquisitions and small sites homebuilding initiative programmes on sites across the Borough.	We will achieve our 1,000 Council homes target by Summer 2027 and build a pipeline of future affordable housing projects.	Use our Place and Quality Panel to ensure schemes are delivered with input from cross-council services and that we learn from outcomes of recent delivery.	Meet and where possible, exceed minimum nationally described space standards when building new council homes, and build new homes with renewable energy systems to ensure that they are zero carbon ready to meet the Future Homes Standard. We will also ensure all Council acquisitions are a minimum of EPC rating C.	
How will we measure success?	Increase the number of affordable homes in Rotherham	Meet 1,000 homes target	Present a case study every year for the five-year period	Ensure 100% of council new build is zero carbon ready and 100% of acquisitions from the open market are brought up to EPC rating C through voids work	
Data	Council homes delivered, recorded in Housing Monthly Scorecard Section 12.1	Council homes delivered, recorded in Housing Monthly Scorecard Section 12.1 and present to Cabinet, future pipeline development programmes biannually.	Case studies	Contracts with developers / EPC records on Northgate system	

# **Any questions?**

# Pride in Place Programme for Rotherham Central (previously Plan for Neighbourhoods)

2025-2035



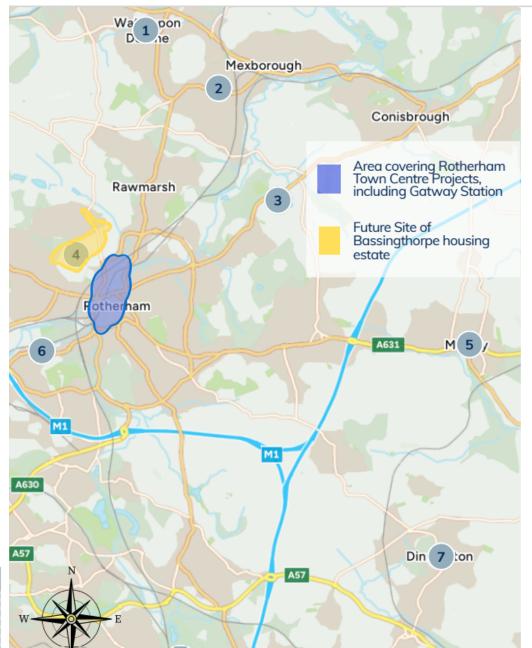
# Regeneration Programme

(strategy driving investment)



# Strategic Input driving investment

- Strategic Input
- 2017 Town Centre Masterplan (Core Town Centre)
  - Investment through Town Centre Investment Fund, Future High Streets Fund, Town Deal
- 2020 Town Investment Plan (Central Rotherham)
  - Investment through Town Deal and Pathfinder
- 2021 Levelling Up (Principal Towns and Leisure)
  - Investment through Levelling Up Fund and Pathfinder
- 2023 Towns and Villages (Borough-wide)
  - Investment through RMBC
- 2023-25 Place Based Investment Strategy
  - Investment through SYMCA, RMBC
- 2025 Plan for Neighbourhoods



### **Borough-Wide Regeneration Projects**

Project Name	Funding
1- Wath Library Upgrade	LRF
2- Swinton Public Realm Improvement	One Public Estates/RMBC
3- Thrybergh Country Park Cafe Refurbishment	LRF/RMBC
4- Bassingthorpe Future Housing Estate	<sub>кмвс</sub> Раде
5 -Maltby High Street	RMBC 45
6- Templeborough Business Zone	LRF/SYMCA
7- Dinnington Capital Regeneration	LRF/RMBC
8- Rother Valley Country Park	LRF/SYMCA/RMBC

#### Key

**SAF** - Strategic Acquisition Fund

LRF- Local Regeneration Fund

TCIF - Town Centre Investment Fund

**RMBC-** Rotherham Metropolitan Borough Council

**CRG** - Capital Regeneration Grant **SYMCA** - South Yorkshire Mayoral Combined Authority



# Overview

- Plan for Neighbourhoods re-named by Government as "Pride in Place"
- 10-year programme
- £15m Capital / £5m Revenue
- Grassroots approach, led by the Neighbourhood Board
- Consultation complete
- Cabinet 17<sup>th</sup> November
- Submission to MHCLG 28<sup>th</sup> November



The boundary chosen by Government is known as a 'Built Up Area'. It is based on data provided by the Office for National Statistics and is the area of a town characterised by urban features such as town centres, major infrastructure and larger populations.

# Role & Responsibilities

### Neighbourhood Board

- Lead engagement
  - Select projects Legal

### **RMBC Accountable Body**

- Value For Money
- Section 151

### **Strategic Influence** | **Delivery role** Alignment with regeneration MBC Programme goals

- Strategic Director Project leads
- Cabinet Member

- Manager
- Partners

# Neighbourhood Board - role

- Neighbourhood Boards put local people at the centre of defining their town's future, with responsibility for developing their Regeneration Plan – in partnership with the local authority - to deliver the strategic objectives of the programme.
- A Neighbourhood Board must be established in each place to receive funding, bringing together those with a deep connection to the local area.
- All members of the board have an equal right to vote on board issues.

# Neighbourhood Board – Membership

- Independent Chairperson appointed by the local authority acting as accountable body, following consultation with the local MP.
- Chairs should work with the local authority to consider the wider membership of the Neighbourhood Board, ensuring an inclusive and representative selection of people from across the local community.
- Up to 20 members
  - MP
  - 2 Councillors
  - Senior rep from Police
  - Community Partners
  - Local businesses & social enterprises
  - Cultural, arts, heritage and sporting organisations
  - Public agencies & anchor authorities

## Interventions - selection

- Selection from <u>Plan for Neighbourhoods</u>: <u>pre-approved</u> <u>interventions - GOV.UK</u>, for example
  - Funding for improvements to town centres
  - Funding for local arts, cultural, heritage & creative initiatives
  - Measures to improve community cohesion
  - Integration & co-location of health & wellbeing services
- Focus on interventions where alternative funding is less accessible
- Developed with the Neighbourhood Board based on consultation feedback and data
- Not a fixed investment programme, flexibility to review

# Interventions - proposed

- Cohesion
- Education and opportunity
- Health and wellbeing
- Regeneration, high streets and heritage
- Safety and security
- Work, productivity and skills

Listed below are some key intervention themes that are not proposed for this fund:

- Housing
- Transport

# **Intervention Allocations**

Intervention Theme	Period 1: 2026 - 2030
Regeneration, High streets & Heritage	£3,844,284
Safety & Security	£420,000
Education & Opportunity	£233,334
Cohesion	£300,000
Health & Wellbeing	£5,720,000
Work, Productivity & Skills	£687,000
Programme Management / Delivery costs	£248,000
Total	£11,453,118

# **Key Dates**

- 17<sup>th</sup> Nov 2025: Cabinet
  - The November papers will contain high-level budget allocations and we are seeking Cabinet endorsement for years 1 to 4 of the ten-year programme.
- 28<sup>th</sup> Nov 2025: Deadline to submit Regeneration Plan to MHCLG for assessment and approval.
- Dec 2025 March 2026 consideration by MHCLG, during which time capacity building projects will commence
- From April 2026: Formal delivery phase begins spanning 10 years.

#### Improving Places Select Commission – Work Programme 2025-26

Chair: Cllr Cameron McKiernan Vice-Chair: Cllr Adam Tinsley
Governance Advisor: Kristianne Thorogood Link Officer: Andrew Bramidge

The following principles were endorsed by OSMB at its meeting of 5 July 2023 as criteria to long/short list each of the commission's respective priorities:

#### Establish as a starting point:

- What are the key issues?
- What is the desired outcome?

#### Agree principles for longlisting:

- · Can scrutiny add value or influence?
- Is this being looked at elsewhere?
- Is this a priority for the council or community?

#### Developing a consistent shortlisting criteria, e.g.

- T: Time: is it the tight time, enough resources?
- O: Others: is this duplicating the work of another body?
- P: Performance: can scrutiny make a difference
- I: Interest: what is the interest to the public?
- C: Contribution to the corporate plan

Perpensible				
Meeting Date	Responsible Officer	Agenda Item		
Tuesday 10 June 2025	Chris Willis	Independent Review of the Muslim Burial Provision in Rotherham Rotherham Employment and Skills Strategy		
	John Holman, Sarah Watts	Housing Strategy 2022-25: Action Plan Update/ Final Report		
	Governance Advisor	Nominate representative to the Health, Welfare and Safety Panel		
	Governance Advisor	Work Programme 2025-2026		
Tuesday 8 July 2025	John Holman, Luke Chamoun, Levi Karigambe	Tenant Scrutiny Review on Tenancy Health Checks		
	Governance Advisor	Work Programme 2025-2026		
Tuesday 2 September 2025	John Holman, Sarah Watts, Garry Newton	Housing Strategy 2025-2030		
	Andrew Bramidge, Emma Ellis	Review of Selective Licensing 2020-2025		
	Simon Moss, Megan Hinchliff	Plan for Neighbourhoods 2025-2035		
	Governance Advisor	Work Programme 2025-2026		
Wednesday 15 October 2025	Andrew Bramidge, Emma Ellis	Selective Licensing - Joint with OSMB		
Friday 17 October 2025	Governance	School Road Safety Review - initial meeting		
	Advisor	- Indian		
	Advisor  John Holman, Sarah Watts, Garry Newton	Housing Strategy 2025-2030 - Draft Action Plan		
Tuesday 21 October 2025	John Holman, Sarah Watts,			
· ·	John Holman, Sarah Watts, Garry Newton Simon Moss,	Housing Strategy 2025-2030 - Draft Action Plan		
2025	John Holman, Sarah Watts, Garry Newton Simon Moss, Megan Hinchliff Governance Advisor  Phil Horsfield / Bal Nahal / Ashleigh	Housing Strategy 2025-2030 - Draft Action Plan  Pride in Place Programme for Rotherham Central (previously Plan for Neighbourhoods) 2025-2035		
· ·	John Holman, Sarah Watts, Garry Newton Simon Moss, Megan Hinchliff Governance Advisor  Phil Horsfield / Bal Nahal / Ashleigh Wilford Martin Hughes	Housing Strategy 2025-2030 - Draft Action Plan  Pride in Place Programme for Rotherham Central (previously Plan for Neighbourhoods) 2025-2035  Work Programme 2025-2026		
2025 Tuesday 16 December	John Holman, Sarah Watts, Garry Newton Simon Moss, Megan Hinchliff Governance Advisor  Phil Horsfield / Bal Nahal / Ashleigh Wilford Martin Hughes Governance	Housing Strategy 2025-2030 - Draft Action Plan  Pride in Place Programme for Rotherham Central (previously Plan for Neighbourhoods) 2025-2035  Work Programme 2025-2026  Bereavement Services Annual Report		
2025 Tuesday 16 December	John Holman, Sarah Watts, Garry Newton Simon Moss, Megan Hinchliff Governance Advisor  Phil Horsfield / Bal Nahal / Ashleigh Wilford Martin Hughes Governance	Housing Strategy 2025-2030 - Draft Action Plan  Pride in Place Programme for Rotherham Central (previously Plan for Neighbourhoods) 2025-2035  Work Programme 2025-2026  Bereavement Services Annual Report  Thriving Neighbourhoods Annual Report		

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	1				
	Andrew Bramidge /	Climate Emergency Annual Report			
Tuesday 10 March	Louise Preston	Similaro Emorgono, 7 amaga respon			
2026	Governance Advisor	Work Programme 2025-2026			
Substantive Items for Scheduling					
TBC Early 2026	Simon Moss	Our Places Fund - progress report			
TBC Early 2026	Simon Moss	Town Centre Strategy			
TBC Spring 2026	Polly Hamilton	Allotments Annual Update (moved to spring to align with AGM)			
TBC	John Holman	Awaab's Law - impact			
TBC	Polly Hamilton	Children's Capital of Culture - Review of Town Centre Events			
TBC	TBC	Nature Recovery Strategy - South Yorkshire Mayor Combined Authority			
TBC	Andrew Bramidge	New Local Plan			
Sep-27	Andrew Bramidge	Rotherham Gateway (Mainline & Tram Train) Station			
·					
		Reviews for Scheduling			
	Governance				
In Progress	Advisor & Kevin	Scrutiny Review - School Road Safety			
	Fisher/Nat Porter				
	Items to be C	Considered by Other Means (e.g. off-agenda briefing, workshop etc)			
Autumn 2025	John Holman	Anti-Social Behaviour (Housing/Tenancies) - "deep dive"			
Early 2026	Andrew Bramidge	Street Safe Team - Off-Agenda Briefing (joint with OSMB)			
Early 2026	Andrew Bramidge				
TBC	Andrew Bramidge				
TBC	Andrew Bramidge	Briefing Note followed by Spotlight Review if required - Rural Strategy			
		Potential Site Visits			
TBC	TBC	Hellaby Depot - smaller bin lorries, grass cutting equipment, gritting			
TBC	TBC	Market redevelopment - see below, joint with OSMB item/visit			
	T	Items for Future Consideration			
TBC	Andrew Bramidge / Sam Barstow	Outcome of waste policy pilot.			
TBC	Governance Advisor	Reviewing emailed topics for scrutiny in conjunction with OSMB			
		Cross Commission scrutiny opportunities			
	Joint with OSMB - Town Centre Developments (Forge Island, Markets & Library Redevelopments):				
TBC	Andrew Bramidge	An initial site visit to be arranged to consider a midterm evaluation of the Market's redevelopment including a briefing detailing information on construction costs, the retention of market traders along with information on the plan for encouraging new businesses. The site visit is to involve Councillor Williams, Councillor Steele, Councillor Bacon, Councillor McKiernan, Councillor Tinsley, Councillor Jones, Councillor Sheppard, and Andrew Bramidge.			
		Then to be followed by an off-agenda briefing providing a progress update for these projects, indicating if slippages had occurred, if there was underspend or overspend on any of the schemes and the proposed mitigates, if any.			
		Joint with OSMB - Energy Efficiency:			
ТВС	Ian Spicer / John Holman	An off-agenda briefing to be provided to members of OSMB and IPSC to provide information on the energy efficiency retrofits in social housing. This should cover aspects such as the feasibility and prioritisation of upgrades to heating systems and insulation across the borough. It would include details on how these retrofits align with the Council's net-zero goals, what potential funding was available to support this and timescales for implementation.			